

# SOUTH SUDAN

## Good Governance, Peace and Rule of Law for A Just Society



### GEOPOLITICAL CONTEXT AND RELEVANT SDGS

South Sudan has been in transition towards a stable, peaceful, democratic and prosperous country and a more legitimate state since 2015.

South Sudan is affected by protracted conflicts, although a peace agreement was agreed in 2018.

Ongoing reform processes are underway in preparation for elections in the country.



2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

2016 Global Strategy for the European Union's Foreign and Security Policy (EUGS)

EU Strategic Agenda for 2019 –2024

the New Consensus on Development and the Council Conclusions of 30 June 2020.

the 'Women, Peace, Security' agenda (United Nations Security Council Resolution 1325)

### TEAM EUROPE PROPOSAL



#### PROMOTING AND CONSOLIDATING PEACE AND RULE OF LAW, AS WELL AS RESPECT OF IHL BY SUPPORT TO:

- the peace agreement implementation
- strengthening the rule of law.
- the democratic development - inclusive permanent constitution making process.

#### SUPPORTING AN ENABLING ENVIRONMENT FOR PROMOTING PUBLIC PARTICIPATION, HUMAN RIGHTS, AND RECONCILIATION, BY SUPPORT TO:

- civil society and human rights organisations.
- women empowerment/rights, gender equality, child rights and initiatives.
- youth empowerment in politics and decision-making processes.
- initiatives for local conflict resolution and reconciliation, mediation, peacebuilding, and trauma healing.

#### SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:

1. Strengthen the rule of law for transition to a more legitimate state
2. Promote human rights: focus on women and girls
3. Enhance peacebuilding and democratic governance with the systematic participation of women and youth
4. Strengthen local communities' resilience to mitigate negative effects of natural disasters and conflict

#### KEY REFORM PROCESS PILLAR EXPECTED RESULTS:

- The permanent constitution making process supported
- An enabling environment for elections created

#### CONFLICT REDUCTION AND RESILIENCE AT SUBNATIONAL LEVEL PILLAR EXPECTED RESULTS:

- Strengthened local peace building in conflict zones, inclusive of women and youth
- Civil society to engage in peace, human rights, and local community resilience
- Strengthened local administrations

### IMPLEMENTATION

Whole of Delegation approach • Consolidation of financial resources • Communication specialists  
Continuous skills and capacity development • Communication and visibility guidelines  
Multiannual strategic plans

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### MODALITIES/TOOLS

Policy dialogue

Technical assistance

Grants

### KEY DELIVERABLES

The permanent constitution making process supported.

1. An enabling environment for elections created
2. Civil society strengthened to engage in peace, human rights, and local community resilience  
Strengthen the resilience in local communities (such as livelihoods, WASH) and support civil society to engage in peace building and decision making processes.
3. Strengthened local peace building in conflict zones, inclusive of women and youth  
De-escalation of conflict and violence by supporting mechanisms for conflict prevention, dialogue and conflict resolution
4. Strengthened local administrations
5. Support mechanisms for community dialogue, mediation, access to justice and transitional justice.  
Strengthen local governance structures to improve capacities to deliver basic services
6. Building a more efficient infrastructure within the institution and strengthen the capacity of its staff)
7. Strengthen accountability, responsiveness and inclusiveness of the local institutions.

### TRANSFORMATIONAL POTENTIAL

Contribute to creating an **inclusive and peaceful society** in South Sudan that respects the **rule of law, human rights and international humanitarian law (IHL)**.

**#TEAMEUROPE**

\*This Team Europe Initiative is work in progress

\*\*SDGs included based on a new JRC electronic text mining tool, which identifies SDGs (targets)